

2003

**Virginia Department of Transportation
Daily Traffic Volume Estimates**

Special Locality Report

153

Town of Vienna

Prepared By

**Virginia Department of Transportation
Mobility Management Division**

In Cooperation With

**U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration**

Virginia Department of Transportation
Mobility Management Division
Traffic Monitoring Section

The Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) conducts a program where traffic count data are gathered from sensors in or along streets and highways and other sources. From these data, estimates of the average number of vehicles that traveled each segment of road are calculated. VDOT periodically publishes booklets listing these estimates.

One of these booklets, titled “Average Daily Traffic Volumes with Vehicle Classification Data, on Interstate, Arterial and Primary Routes” includes a list of each Interstate and Primary highway segment with the estimated Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) for that segment. AADT is the total annual traffic estimate divided by the number of days in the year. This booklet also includes information such as estimates of the percentage of the AADT made up by 6 different vehicle types, ranging from cars to double trailer trucks; estimated Annual Average Weekday Traffic (AAWDT), which is the number of vehicles estimated to have traveled the segment of highway during a 24 hour weekday averaged over the year; as well as Peak Hour and Peak Direction factors used by planners to formulate design criteria.

In addition to the Primary and Interstate publication, one hundred books are published periodically, one for each of 100 areas across the state defined by VDOT for record-keeping purposes. These books include traffic volume estimates for roads within the county, cities, and towns within the area. These books are titled “Daily Traffic Volumes Including Vehicle Classification Estimates, where available; Jurisdiction Report numbers 00 through 99”.

Also available are a number of reports summarizing the average Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) in selected jurisdictions and other categories of highways. There are many different ways to present traffic volume summary information. Because the user determines the value of each presentation, the reports have been redesigned based on user requests and feedback. The people at VDOT Mobility Management’s Traffic Monitoring Section who produce these books welcome requests for other helpful ways of presenting the summary information.

A compact disc (CD) is available that includes files in the Adobe® Portable Document Format (PDF) that can be displayed, searched, and printed using common desktop computer equipment. The CD includes the publications described above as well as a number of other reports, including specialized VMT summaries and smaller AADT reports for each city and town separately.

Publication Notes

Parallel Roads

For road inventory and management purposes, some roadways are counted separately by direction and have separately published traffic estimates for each direction of travel. Examples of such roadways are the interstate system and routes with separated facilities and (usually) one-way traffic facilities in urban areas. In these publications, they are referred to as parallel roads. As a convenience for the users of the publication, the listing for segments of roads with parallel segments are published with both the traffic estimates for their own direction of travel (e.g. I-95 Northbound) as well as the estimate of the total of all traffic on the same route including parallel roadways (all directions of I-95). The publication will have a “Combined Traffic Estimates for Parallel Roadways on this Route” or “Combined Traffic” identifiers for the combined direction of travel estimates.

Roadways such as I-395 with a North segment, a South segment and a separate Reversible lane segment will have the estimate for more than two parallel roadways included in the entire combined traffic estimate.

Some routes have very complicated paths through cities and towns. These parallel paths may be too complex to allow a relationship between nearby sections of the opposite direction on the same route. In this case, to indicate that the traffic estimates for such a road segment may not include all directions of traffic on that route, the line that would list the combined values will indicate “NA” for not available.

VDOT’s traffic monitoring program includes more than 100,000 segments of roads and highways ranging from several mile sections of Interstate highways to very short sections of city streets. Due to problems experienced obtaining some traffic count data, and the level of quality necessary to maintain confidence in the data, no estimate is currently available for some segments of roadway. These segments are included in the publications indicating “NA” for not available. It is the intention of the VDOT’s Mobility Management Traffic Monitoring group to obtain the data necessary and to report traffic volume estimates on all road segments included in these publications.

Many of the road segments in this program are local secondary roads. The amount and detail of data collected on these roads are not as great as the data collected on higher volume roads. The vehicle classification, average weekday traffic volumes, and the theoretical design hour traffic volumes are not calculated for these roads. The publications indicate “NA” for the information that is not available.

This publication is based on a traffic monitoring program initiated in 1997. Because the data collection techniques and statistical evaluation processes are different than those used in previous years, comparison with previous publications may be misleading.

Glossary of Terms:

Route: The Route Number assigned to this segment of roadway with the master inventory route number if this is an overlapping route, with official street or highway name if available.

Length: Length of the traffic segment in miles.

AADT: Annual Average Daily Traffic. The estimate of typical daily traffic on a road segment for all days of the week, Sunday through Saturday, over the period of one year.

QA: Quality of AADT:

- A Average of Complete Continuous Count Data
- B Average of Selected Continuous Count Data
- F Factored Short Term Traffic Count Data
- G Factored Short Term Traffic Count Data with Growth Element
- H Historical Estimate
- M Manual Uncounted Estimate
- N AADT of Similar Neighboring Traffic Link
- O Provided By External Source
- R Raw Traffic Count, Unfactored

4Tire: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of motorcycles, passenger cars, vans and pickup trucks.

Bus: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of busses.

2Axle Truck: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of 2 axle single unit trucks (not including pickups and vans).

3+Axle Truck: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of single unit trucks with three or more axles.

1Trail Truck: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of units with a single trailer.

2Trail Truck: Percentage of the traffic volume made up of units with more than one trailer.

QC: Quality of Classification Data:

- A Average of Complete Continuous Count Data
- B Average of Selected Continuous Count Data
- C Short Term Classified Traffic Count Data
- F Factored Short Term Traffic Count Data
- H Historical Estimate
- M Mass Collective Average
- N Classification Estimates of Similar Neighboring Traffic Link

K Factor: The estimate of the portion of the traffic volume traveling during the peak hour or design hour.

QK: Quality of the Peak Hour estimate:

- A Factor based on 30th Highest Hour Observed During at least 250 days of Continuous Traffic Data
- B Factor based on other Hour Observed During Less than 250 days of Continuous Traffic Data
- F Factor based on Highest Hour Collected at in a 48 Hour Weekday Period
- M Factor based on Manual Estimate of design hour
- N Peak Hour Factor of Similar Neighboring Traffic Link
- O Provided by External Source

Dir Factor: The estimate of the portion of the traffic volume traveling in the peak direction during the peak hour..

AAWDT: Average Annual Weekday Traffic. The estimate of typical traffic over the period of one year for the days between Monday through Thursday inclusive.

QW: Quality of AAWDT:

- A Average of Complete Continuous Count Data
- B Average of Selected Continuous Count Data
- F Factored Short Term Traffic Count Data
- G Factored Short Term Traffic Count Data with Growth Element
- M Manual Uncounted Estimate
- N AAWDT of Similar Neighboring Traffic Link
- O Provided by External Source

Year: Year for which the published values are appropriate. If the Quality of AADT (QA) is "R", the year is the year that the raw traffic count was collected, and if available,

Route Shield Legend

Route Systems



Interstate Route

Traffic volume data for Interstate Routes and some other routes are reported separately by direction, as well as combined.



US Route



Virginia State Route



Secondary Route

Special Routes



Bus - Business Route
Bypas - Bypass Route



Truck - Truck Route
ALT - Alternate Route
Wve - Wve Route connector



P - Parallel Route; Southbound or Westbound direction lanes of a numbered route where they are on a different road facility than the other direction.



The VDOT Maintenance Jurisdiction number is displayed below the Secondary Route Number if the Maintenance Jurisdiction is different than the jurisdiction in the title of the report.

Virginia Department of Transportation
 Mobility Management Division
 2003
 Annual Average Daily Traffic Volume Estimates By Section of Route
 Town of Vienna

Route	Length	AADT	QA	Year
Town of Vienna				
East 66	From WCL Vienna 0.25	93000	G	2003
	Combined Traffic: 175000		G	
	To ECL Vienna			
West 66	From WCL Vienna 0.41	82000	F	2003
	Combined Traffic: 175000		G	
	To ECL Vienna			
123	From SCL Vienna Maple Ave 0.07	30000	F	2003
	To SR 243 Nutley St			
123	From SR 243 Nutley St Maple Ave 1.53	34000	F	2003
	To Follin Lane			
123	From Follin Lane Maple Ave 0.50	37000	F	2003
	To NCL Vienna			
243	From ECL Vienna Nutley St 0.88	37000	F	2003
	To SR 123 Maple Ave			
9611 29	From Louise Arche School 0.03	290	R	1991
	To LOUISE ARCHE/			
9619 29	From Vienna School 0.08	320	R	1991
	To SCHOOL/			
1	From Follin Ln Electric Ave 0.34	8400	F	2003
	To ECL Vienna			
2	From Branch Rd Echols St 0.34	3900	F	2003
	To Follin Ln			
3	From Cottage St Locust St 0.09	5100	F	2003
	To Courthouse Rd			
6638	From WCL Vienna Malcomb Rd 0.55	5900	F	2003
	To Lawyers Rd			
6642	From Nutley Street Tapawingo Rd 1.10	3900	F	2003
	To Park St			
6643	From Maple Ave Nutley St 0.09	5400	F	2003
	To Windover Ave			
6643	From Windover Ave Nutley St 0.49	4600	F	2003
	To Malcom Rd			
6648	From SCL Vienna Courthouse Rd 0.73	8000	F	2003
	To Maple Ave			
6648	From Maple Ave Lawyers Rd 0.80	13000	F	2003
	To WCL Vienna			
6668	From 29-677JB-153 ECL Vienna Old Court House Rd 0.32	9100	F	2003
	To 29-677 JB-29-153 WCL Vienna			
6669	From SR 123 Beulah Rd 0.78	11000	F	2003
	To WCL Vienna			

Route	Length	AADT	QA	Year
Town of Vienna				
6673	From 153-6669 Beulah Rd Creek Crossing Rd 0.24	1500	F	2003
	To 29-724 JB-29-153 NCL Vienna			
6676	From ECL Vienna Park St 1.27	10000	F	2003
	To SR 123			
6925	From ECL Vienna Cottage St 1.66	4400	F	2003
	To Locust St			
6927	From SR 123 Follin La 0.67	7500	F	2003
	To Electric Ave			
6933	From Lawyers Rd Church St 0.89	6900	F	2003
	To East St			
6934	From Echols St Branch Rd 0.37	4200	F	2003
	To SR 123			
6935	From Park St Locust La 0.30	6100	F	2003
	To Branch Rd			
Adahi Rd	From Park St 1.10	1100	F	2003
	To Glyndon St			
Center Street	From Maple Ave 5000	5000	F	2003
	To Locust St			
Highland St	From Lincoln St 160	160	F	2003
	To Dead End			
Westwood Dr	From Overlook La 460	460	F	2003
	To Devonshire Dr			
Yeonas Dr	From Ware St 640	640	F	2003
	To Lakewood Dr			